

Lessons from the Energy Crisis and Nigerian Energy Outlook

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Nigerian Electricity Supply Industry



- Grid capacity of 8GW
 - Daily average supply to end-use customers ~ 5GW
 - 80% from natural gas and 20% from hydro
 - Multiple players in gas supply, generation, wholesale/retail, and distribution
 - Single national grid interconnected with the West African Power Pool (WAPP)
 - Transactions are mainly through bilateral contracts on open access grid framework
- Off-grid supply ~24GW largely from diesel/petrol generators
- Urgent work being done to improve energy access.

Impact of the Energy Crisis



- Greater dependence on the grid
- Higher gas prices
- Reduced gas supply to the domestic market
- Renegotiation of contracts (gas and electricity)
- Higher end-user electricity tariffs
- Increased subsidy financing by the State
- Higher inflation driving further reviews to electricity tariffs

Lessons for Developing Competitive Markets



- Imperatives of having a contract-based market
- Susceptibility of best-endeavour contracts to exogenous shocks
- Need for a sustainable energy mix
- Providing appropriate incentives to support market reforms
 - Regulated or market-based gas prices
 - Standardised contracts
 - Predictable market conditions
 - Stable regulatory environment

Security of Supply



- •Update integrated resource plan to safeguard against future shocks
- Improving engagement and investment in regional markets (WAPP)
- Explore hydro resources to improve the energy mix
- Review the feed-in-tariffs (FIT) to attract investment
- Provide incentives for investment in non-associated gas resources

Energy Transition Plans



- Target carbon neutrality by 2060
- •Use natural gas as the transition fuel
- Off-grid diesel and petrol generators largely contribute to carbon emissions
- Attain Universal Access by 2030
 - ✓ Deploy decentralized RE of 6.3GW to replace diesel/petrol generators
 - $_{\odot}$ Solar Home Systems (SHS)
 - $\circ\,\text{Mini-grids}$
 - \circ Solar PV + battery systems (industrial sector)
 - \checkmark Upgrade central grid (T&D) and generation capacity to achieve 42GW
 - $\circ\,8GW$ of Solar PV
 - \circ 3GW of Biomass
 - $_{\odot}\,\text{6GW}$ of Hydro
 - $_{\odot}\,9\text{GW}$ of Hydrogen by 2040

Legal & Policy Updates

- Constitution has been amended to recognise decentralised energy markets.
- The Electric Power Sector Reform Act has been repealed with the enactment of the Electricity Act.
- Electricity Act imposes mandatory renewable energy targets for generators and distribution companies along with providing a statutory framework for an integrated resource plan.
- Fuel subsidies have been removed.







THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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