

## "Thailand- RE Community Power Plant"

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# Thailand Overview

- Southeast Asia
- Tropical weather
- Population ~66 Million
- 6 Regions
- Currency : Thai Baht (1 Euro ~ 37 Baht)









#### ERC Authorities and Duties under Energy Industry Act 2007

**Regulate through Licensing Schemes** 

### Electricity Industry

(5 License-Types)

![](_page_3_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Natural Gas Industry (4 License-Types)

![](_page_3_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Picture_7.jpeg)

and wholesale

![](_page_3_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_3_Picture_9.jpeg)

Retail via distribution system Storage and transformation from liquid to gas

#### **Energy Security**

- Power Procurement as per PDP (IPP/SPP/VSPP - RE)
- Give opinions on energy development plans (e.g. PDP)
- Network systems & SO
- Promote competition

#### Licensing & Standards

- One Stop Service
   Licensing
- Engineering & Environment (Code of

Practice: COP)

 Quality of Services & Safety

#### Tariffs

- Power tariffs & NG transportation service tariffs
- Power tariff structure
- Formul<sub>t</sub> fa
- TPA Codes & Electric Power Wheeling charge (Underway)

#### Consumers' Right Protection & Public Participation

- Handle complaints, appeals, disputes
- Compensation for energy
   infrastructure construction
- Rights protection
- Power Development Fund

### **Thailand Power Sector Development**

1950 - 1991	1992 - 2003	2003- Present
State-owned Enterprise	Private Sector Participation	Enhanced Single Buyer
<ul> <li>Self-regulation (EGAT MEA PEA)</li> <li>Accountable to PM/Cabinet/MOF (financial report)</li> <li>Generation EGAT</li> <li>Distribution &amp; Retail MEA, PEA by area</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1992: SPP/IPP Programs</li> <li>1994: 1<sup>st</sup> IPP Bidding</li> <li>2002: VSPP Program</li> <li>Regulate private producers through PPAs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Up-stream competition</li> <li>2006: New Govt. Policy <ul> <li>to clearly separate policy-making from regulation</li> <li>To cover both electricity and NG businesses</li> </ul> </li> <li>2007: Energy Industry Act</li> <li>2008: ERC</li> <li>Intensified generation competition</li> </ul>
EGAT, MEA, PEA	EGAT, MEA IPPs/ SPPs/ By Contracted Capacity • Independent Power Producer (IPP) : >90 MW with EG • Small Power Producer (SPP): >10 MW to 90 MW with • Very Small Power Producer (VSPP) : ≤10 MW with MEA	AT EGAT A/PEA High Voltage 500 kV Medium Voltage 115 kV Low voltage 22-33 kV

### Power Purchase classified by Producers (COD) -as of Mar 2022-

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

Share of Contracted Capacity by Producer

### Generation Mix -as of Mar 2022-

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

Natural Gas	56%
Hydro (Large & Import)	<b>16%</b>
RE	14%
Lignite & Coal	12%
Others	2%

Natural Gas 28,467.50 MW 56.46%

### SPP and VSPP

- Small Power Producer (SPP): >10 MW to 90 MW
- Very Small Power Producer (VSPP) :  $\leq 10 \text{ MW}$

![](_page_7_Figure_3.jpeg)

- SPP ~ 160 PPAs
- VSPP ~ 1,100 PPAs (excluding Rooftop Solar)

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

### Renewable in Thailand (COD) - supplying to the Grid

Excluding imported hydro

![](_page_9_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### Biogas Biomass

Hydro (Small)

Industrial Waste

- MSW
- RE Others
- Solar Farm
- Solar Rooftop
- Solar Residential
- Wind

<u>Biomass</u>: industrial-agricultural waste such as rice husk, bagasse fiber and palm shell.

Approx. 7 GW

### Latest Country' Directions on Energy Policy

Thailand Energy Policy Framework (National Energy Plan: NEP) 4 August 2021 National Energy Policy Council Approved NEP framework

- Increase the share of new electricity generation with RE ratio of not less than 50%, in line with the trend of lower RE costs, taking into account the cost of ESS, and will not increase the long term cost of electricity generation.
- Change the use of transportation in the transport sector to green electricity through EV according to the policy 30@30 (30% of Thailand's total auto production are EVs by 2030)

Deregulation

Improve energy efficiency by more than 30%

Decarbonization

Digitalization

Restructuring the energy industry to support the Energy Transition according to the 4D1E guidelines. Decentralization

![](_page_10_Picture_7.jpeg)

Thailand's aim to reach carbon neutrality by 2050, and net zero GHG emissions by or before 2065

Electrification

![](_page_10_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_10.jpeg)

### Country's Roadmap towards The Energy Transformation: "Bio-Circular-Green"

Renewable NEW Project : PDP2018 Rev.1 (2018-2037) total 18,696 MW

Revising a new PDP MW to be changed

### 1. Project under the Government Policy <u>2,453 MW</u> Waste 400 Biomass: 3 Southern Provinces 120 Biogas-Crop CPP 600 Biogas-Waste CPP 183 Biomass CPP 600 Solar CPP 550

![](_page_11_Figure_4.jpeg)

### Energy Crop

livestock farming/ residues in agricultural sector

![](_page_11_Figure_7.jpeg)

- Assessing the RE potential of the country and promote investment in renewable energy technology market.
- ✓ Develop biomass market as a base country for <u>Bioeconomy.</u>
- ✓ Sustainable Development Goal

### **Community Power Plant**

**Policy Framework:** community owned energy schemes by investing in local will deliver better value for money for a local economy.

![](_page_12_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### **Benefits**:

- Community will earn income from owning a community power plant and reduces the burden of the community's expenses.
- Community will earn income from selling agricultural materials as fuel for electricity generation.
- Create jobs, and strength in communities network.
- Expand the amount of money circulating within a region's economy.
- Create added value in the occupation such as cold storage, agricultural processing machinery, etc.

Policy Area : to establish concrete returns to communities, such as Power Plant Profit Share to the Community, Income from selling Agricultural Material Social welfare, Healthcare, Education

### Community Power Plant (Pilot Project 150 MW)

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

- ✓ Promote self-sufficient Power Generation on Community Scale
- ✓ Increase opportunities and generate revenue for the community

14

(1 Euro ~ 37 Baht)

### Community Power Plant (Pilot Project 150 MW)

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Community Power Plant (Pilot Project 150 MW)

	Ceiling Price FiT (Baht/unit)				FiT Premium		
Installed Capacity (MW)		FiT <sub>v,2019</sub>	<b>FiT</b> (FiTF+FiTv)	PPA term	(Baht/unit)		
	FiT <sub>F</sub>			(years)	Located in 3 most southern provinces		
Biomass		EURO cents					
Installed Capacity $\leq$ 3 MW	2.61	2.2382	4.8482	<b>3.1</b> 20	0.50		
Installed Capacity > 3 MW	2.39	1.8736	4.2636	<b>1.5</b> 20	0.50		
Biogas (Energy Crop)							
	2.79	1.9369	4.7269 1	<b>2.8</b> 20	0.50		

#### Selection Criteria: Bidding Scheme

#### % discounted from FiT<sub>F</sub>

Туре	Projects	MW	FiT (Bath/unit)	EUI	RO cents
Biomass	16	75.00	2.80	7.6	
Biogas	27	74.50	3.57	9.7	
Total	43	149.50	3.18		Ave

Average Discount -31% (Biomass -38% ແລະ Biogas -25%)

#### 8.6 EURO cents

**FX : 1 EURO = 37 Baht** 

![](_page_16_Picture_0.jpeg)

### "Renewable Community Power Plant"

### Sustainable Development

![](_page_16_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Thank you

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