



## Energy Market Surveillance I. Fundamentals of Enforcement and Abusive Practices – Introduction

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# Energy regulators/market participants: why market surveillance?

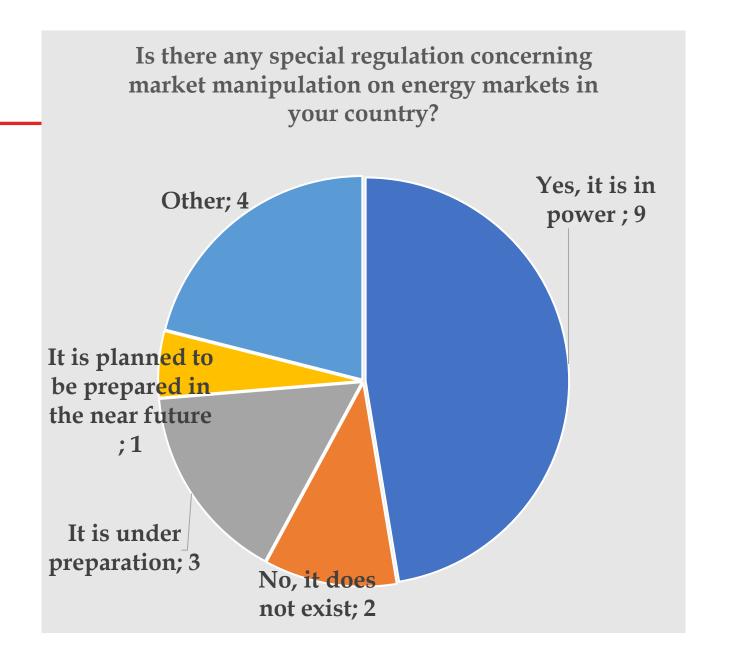
EFFICIENT ENERGY MARKET SURVEILLANCE - OUR GOALS	
REGULATORS	<ul> <li>Capacity building in market surveillance and enforcement of market abuses by energy regulators</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Assistance in the development of market surveillance systems/improving existing ones</li> </ul>
MARKET PARTICIPANTS	<ul> <li>Better understanding the need for efficient market surveillance/acceptance by market players,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Compliance systems</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Training</li></ul>

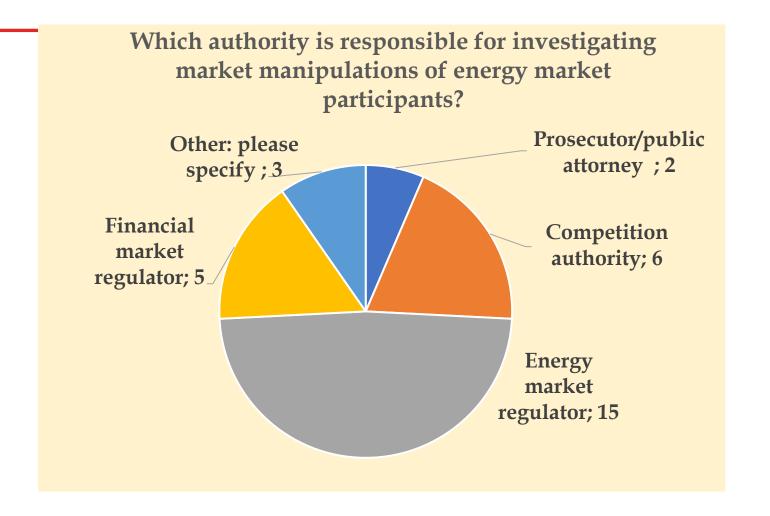
# ERRA Internal Survey: Regulatory powers related to the enforcement of market manipulations on energy markets

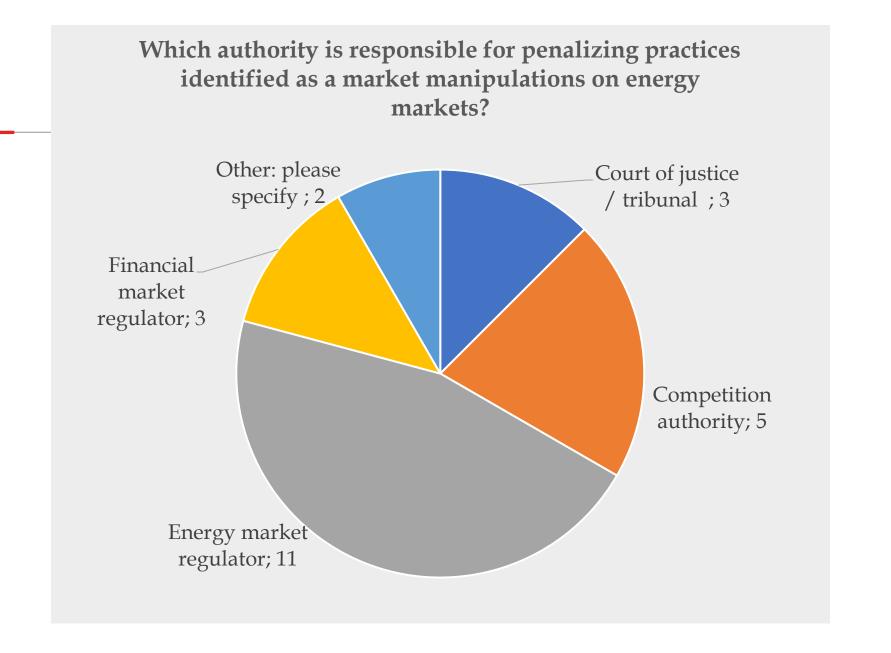
#### **ERRA Member Countries submitted the survey:**

- Austria
- Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Bulgaria
- Croatia
- Estonia
- Georgia
- Hungary
- Kosovo\*

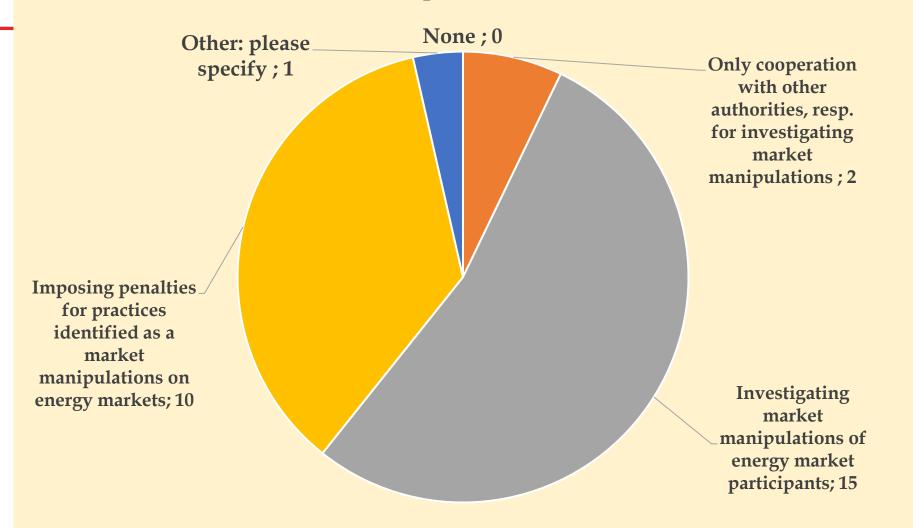
- Latvia
- Lithuania
- Moldova
- North Macedonia
- Poland
- Romania
- Turkey
- Ukraine



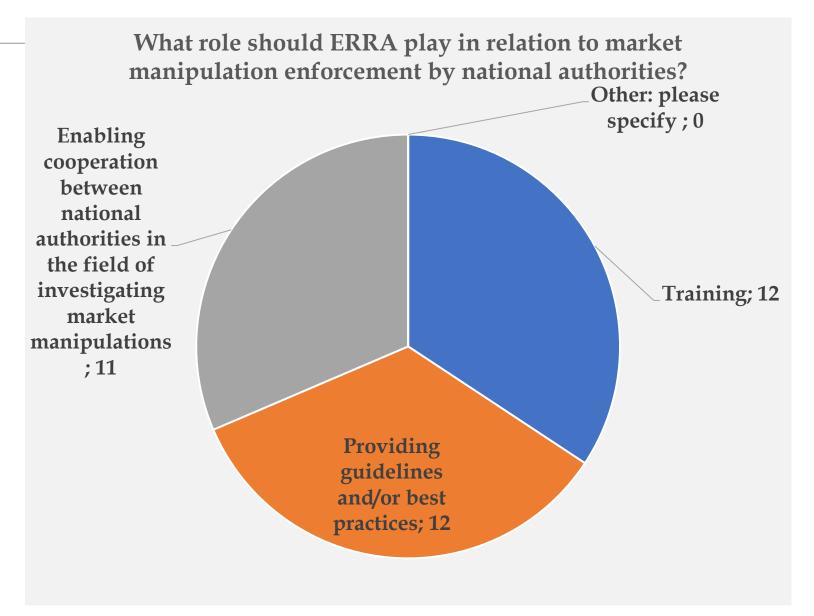




### What role should national regulatory authorities play in relation to market manipulation enforcement?



#### The role of ERRA



#### The role of Energy regulators - conclusions

- Market manipulations can be enforced by various institutional actors (regulators, financial supervisors, competition authorities etc.)
- Energy markets are complex and this may justify empowering energy regulators to investigate/penalize market abuses and impose penalties
- Most of syrveyed ERRA regulators point out imposing penalties/investigating in market surveillance as possible/desired regulatory task
- Need for the enhacement of ERRA regulators capacities in market surveillance