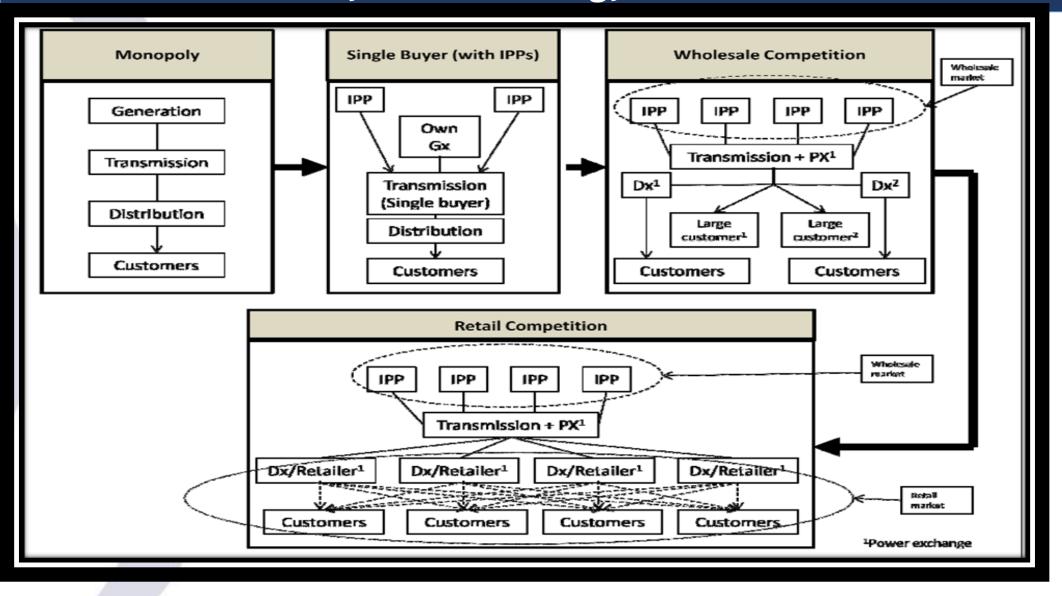




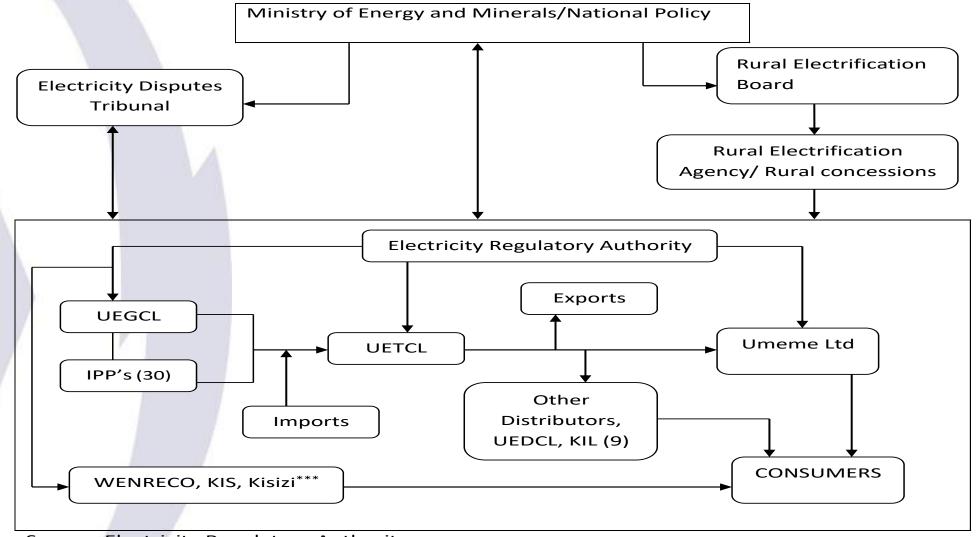
CASE STUDY: UGANDA – A SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION TOWARDS WHOLESALE MARKETS

ENG. ZIRIA TIBALWA WAAKO, CEO - ERA

Transition in Vertically Bundled Energy Sector

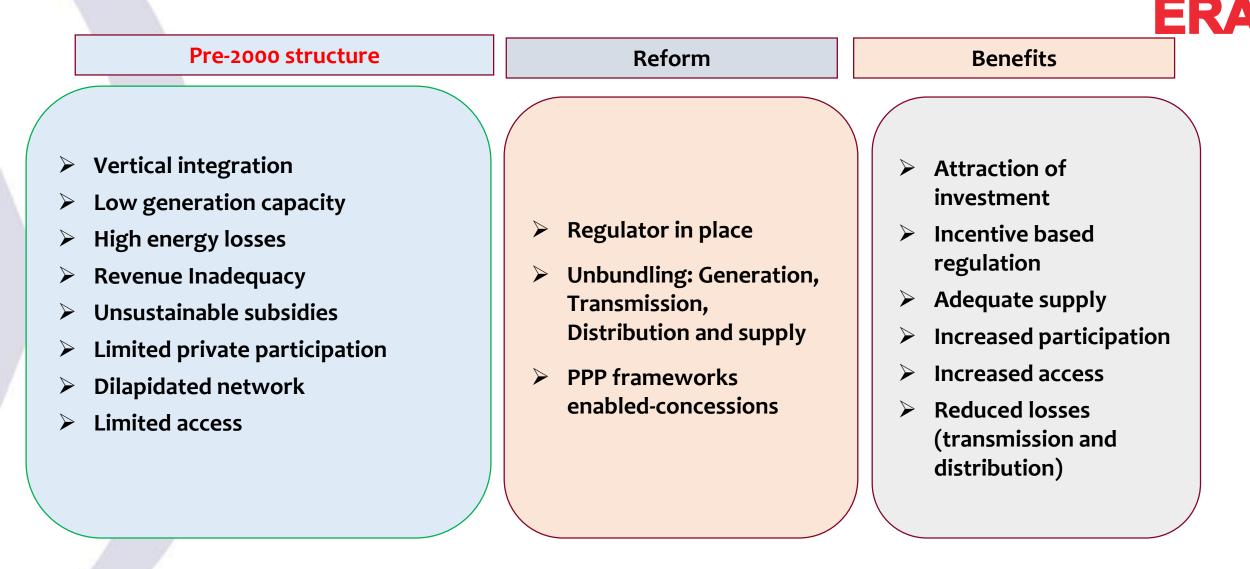


Uganda Power Market Structure



Source: Electricity Regulatory Authority

Uganda's Electricity Supply Reforms - Benefits



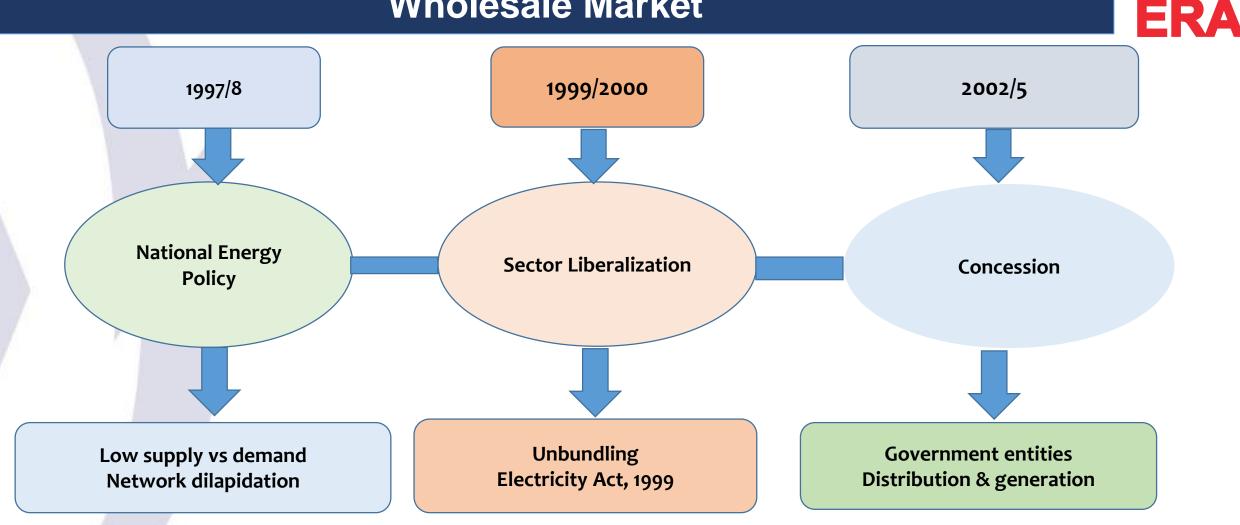
SECTOR OUTLOOK

| \bigcirc | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|
| EF | R | | | |

| INDICATOR | 2000 | End of March 2022 | Estimate 2025 |
|-------------------------------|---------|--|---------------|
| Rural Electrification Rate | 1.9% | 49.5% (Grid= 5.2%, Solar Home systems/kits=44.3%)* | 40% |
| Urban Electrification Rate | 36.1% | 73.5% % (Grid= 51.0%, Solar Home systems/kits=22.5%)* | 100% |
| Total Generation Capacity | 181MW | 1,377.0 MW (Grid=1,256.5 MW, off grid=14.0MW) | 3,000MW |
| Actual Generation | 60MW | 1,377.0 MW (Grid=1,256.5 MW, off grid=14.0MW) | 3,000MW |
| per capita consumption | 41 Kwh | 110kWh | 280kWh |
| Distribution Losses | 35.4% | Umeme=17.0% Grid =17.7% | 11.5% |
| No. of Customers | 127,000 | Grid=1,780,014; Off grid=21,749 | 4,000,000 |
| No. of Operational Generators | 3 | 45 | 40 |
| No. of Distributors | 1 | 8 | 8 |

*UNHS 2019/20; https://www.era.go.ug/index.php/stats

Uganda's Electricity Supply Reforms – Movement to Wholesale Market



THE ELECTRICITY REGULATORY AUTHORITY - REGULATORY FUNCTION



| Price Control | Quality of Supply | Market functioning | Other |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Setting the Revenue Requirement | Commercial Quality | Market Rules/Contract Rules | Unbundling |
| Price/Revenue Adjustme | nt Continuity/Reliability | System/Network Rules(Grid Code) | Cross-boarder |
| Efficiency Assessment | Technical Quality | - Market Monitoring | |
| Tariff Design | | Security of Supply | |

Legislative Framework

Primary Law: The Electricity Act 1999 (Cap 145 Laws of Uganda 2000)

Mandate of ERA

- Functions [S.10]
 - Licensing [Section 29 50] [Section 51-60]
 - Approve tariffs [Section 75]
 - Monitoring and compliance
 - Approve investments
 - Establishment of code of conducts and performance standards
 - Issue Regulations



Legislative Framework Cont..

- i. The Electricity (Installation Permits) Regulations, 2003
- ii. The Electricity (License Fees) Regulations, 2003
- iii. The Electricity (Primary Grid Code) Regulations, 2003
- iv. The Electricity (Quality of Service Code) Regulations, 2003
- v. The Electricity (Safety Code) Regulations, 2003
- vi. The Electricity (Tariff Code) Regulations, 2003
- vii. 2007 No 39: License Exemption; Isolated Grid Systems Order
- viii. 2007 No 60: Application for Permit, License and Tariff Review

Additional Legislation

Regulations Under development.

- The Electricity Investment Approval and Verification Regulations
- The Electricity (Corporate Governance) Regulations
- The Electricity (Filing) Rules
- Uniform Systems of Accounts
- Reporting and record keeping

Guidelines.

- Guidelines for fixing the quantum of royalties payable by Hydro Generation licensees in Uganda, 2012
- Bulk Metering Guidelines
- Prepayment Metering Guidelines
- Decommissioning Guidelines
- Supplier of Last Resort Guidelines
- Dispute resolution Guidelines

Institutional Framework

- Uganda National Bureau of Standards [UNBS]
 - Establishment in 1989
 - Enforcement t of standards
- Environment [NEMA]
 - NEMA Certificate/ Approval of EIA
- Water [Directorate of Water Resource Mgt & DWD]
 - Water abstraction permit
- Dispute resolution [EDT]
 - EDT Procedure Rules, 2012

Supporting Framework at Generation

- a) Development of Interconnection Code
- b) Tax Exemption for Hydro and Solar PV Equipment
- c) Wheeling Framework For Power Evacuation
- d) Government Financial Provision for Power Evacuation
- e) Provision for off-grid Licensing
- f) License Exemptions

Supporting Framework at Generation Cont....

In the Electricity Supply Industry, ERA has licensed generation plants from the following sources;

- a) Large Hydro power plants
- b) Mini-hydro power plants
- c) Bagasse co-generation
- d) Solar
- e) Heavy Fuel Oil

Supporting Framework at Transmission

- i. Provision of Independent System Operator
- ii. Wheeling Framework For Power Evacuation
- iii. Opportunity for more than one licensee to transmit electricity (Approved Elect. Bill)
- iv. Equal Legal rights to access transmission network
- v. Regional interconnection with Kenya, Rwanda and TZ Complete (Connection to DRC and South Suzan in progress)
- vi. Cost reflective tariff a deliberate guiding principle by the Regulator

CHALLENGES

- a) Combination of Distribution and Supply in Umeme Concession (Largest DISCO);
- b) Government Subsidy on selected Generation plants and Transmission lines development limiting Competition;
- c) Long Generation Licenses with Take or Pay contracts to Government;
- d) Relatively Low level of electricity access
- e) Network Constraints due Infrastructure limitation

Opportunities

- a) Regional markets growing with demand from all Neighboring Countries;
- b) Independent Power Transmission framework in the offing;
- c) Eastern Africa Power Pool in progress for both supply and demand;
- d) Concession for Umeme to end by 2025 for natural termination or change in terms.
- e) Promotion of renewable energy technologies
- f) Electricity (Amendment) Bill, 2022 to remove monopolies and create more flexibility in the market





THANK YOU

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